

- 1840 Evidence of Stone Polishing.²⁶
- 1840 Closure of the old school on the Mechanics Site.⁵¹
- 1841 Population of Bacup 9,200.(1891 BT.28th.Nov.) (See 24)
- 1841 Tunstead National School Built.⁵⁸
- 1841 The Church of England Literary Institute was connected with St.Johns Church, and held a library of 600 volumes, open every day, except Sundays, classes in theology, history, grammar, arithmetic, writing, & singing.²⁸
- 1842 Plug drawing in Bacup. Part of the Plug Drawing Riots.⁴²
- 1844 The first Ordnance Survey map surveyed, to the scale of six inches to one mile.
- 1844-1849 Hawthorn Hill House built by Joshua Hoyle (1796-1859) founder of Joshua Hoyle & Sons cotton spinners & manufacturers. The present house is named Hawthorn House, Newchurch Rd. Bacup. (Will of Joshua Hoyle. & obit. Edward Hoyle Nov. 1897)
- 1846 Bacup Co-operative Stores began.⁵²
- 1847 Bacup Co-operative Store established.⁵²
- 1847 Waterbarn Baptist Chapel built.^{18.48.53}
- 1848 Said to be the date when quarrying became a major industry²⁵.
- 1848 Map of Bacup by Merryweather of Burnley 4⁷/₈ inches to one mile.
- 1849 Ordnance Survey, Town Plan of Bacup.
- 1849 Great Flood in Rossendale.⁴⁹
- 1849 A report by Wm. Lee C.E. to the Board of Health. For Bacup.¹⁹
- 1849 Population of Bacup at that time to be between 8,000 to 10,000.¹⁹
- 1849 Before this date, Springfield House was built by Wm. Smith, later the homes of A. Edmeston & Wm. Greaves.
- 1850 Pippin Spring was mentioned, as one of the six water points in Bacup at that time, before a water supply was installed. Water was obtained either from springs or wells. 34 years after the Health Act and 30 years after the Water Act people were still using Pippin Spring. After about 1880 the spring went out of use and was turned into the